SPSS: Binning (visual)

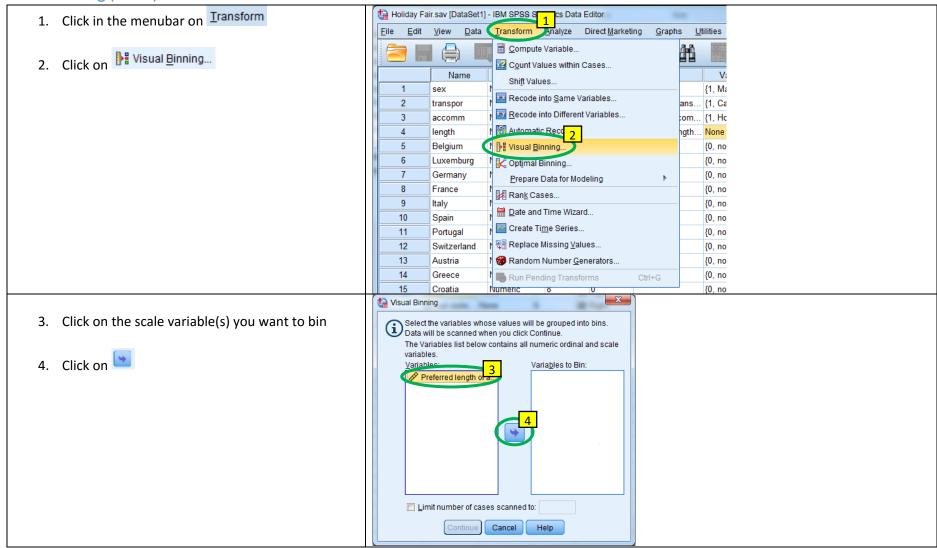
This document will show how to bin a scale variable using the visual binning. The example file used is *Holiday Fair.sav*, available at the companion website: http://PeterStatistics.com.

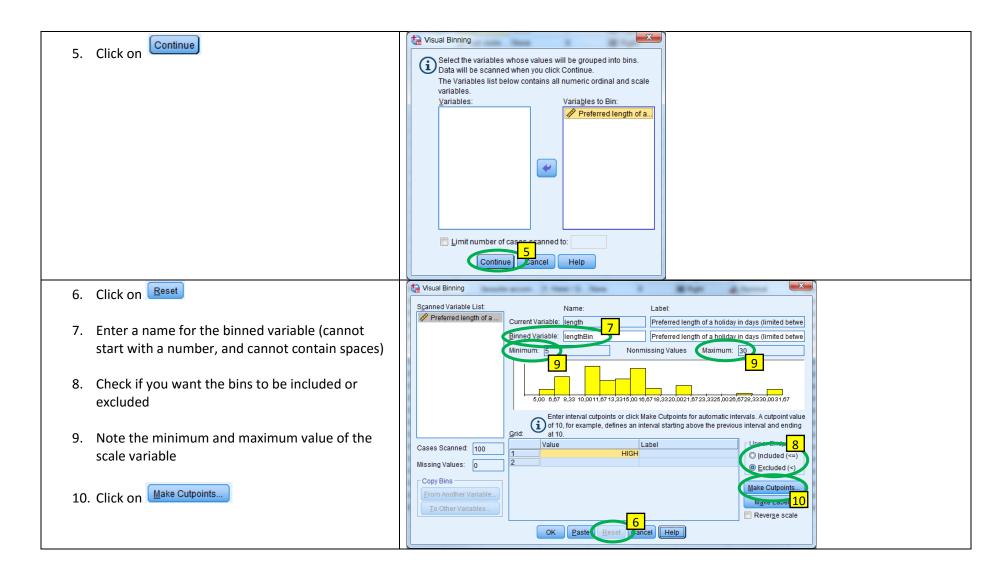
A video showing the steps described can be found at: https://youtu.be/NNlp3enEFlk

Preferred length of a holiday in days (limited between 5 and 30 days) (Binned)

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	< 8	8	8,0	8,0	8,0
	8 - 11	43	43,0	43,0	51,0
	12 - 16	32	32,0	32,0	83,0
	17 - 20	12	12,0	12,0	95,0
	26+	5	5,0	5,0	100,0
	Total	100	100,0	100,0	

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11. Three main options are available to create the bins. Either by the width interval, based on percentiles, or based on standard deviations. In the example I've chosen to use the Equal width intervals.	Make Cutpoints Equal Width Intervals Intervals Intervals First Cutpoint Location: 8 Namber of Cutpoints: 5 Width: 4,400 13 Last Cou, in 11 center co
12. Enter the value at which the first cutpoint should be placed	© Equal Percentiles Based on Scanned Cases Intervals - fill in either field Number of Cutpoints: Width(%):
13. Enter either the number of cutpoints or the width (as soon as you enter one, the other will be filled out).	© Cutpoints at Mean and Selected Standard Deviations Based on Scanned Cases +-1 Std. Deviation +-2 Std. Deviation +-3 Std. Deviation
14. Click on Apply	Apply will replace the current cutpoint definitions with this specification. A final interval will include all remaining values: N cutpoints produce N+1 intervals. Apply Help
15. Click on Make Labels	Scanned Variable List Sepaned Variable List Preferred length of a Current Variable: [length Preferred length of a holiday in days (limited between the length of a holiday in days).
16. Click on OK	Binned Variable: lengthBin Preferred length of a holiday in days (limited betwee Minimum: 5 Nonmissing Values Maximum: 30 6,60 6,67 6,33 10,0011,67 13,3316,0016,6716,3320,0021,6723,3326,0026,6726,3330,0031,67 Enter interval cutpoints or click Make Cutpoints for automatic intervals. A cutpoint value of 10, for example, defines an interval starting above the previous interval and ending at 10.
	Cases Scanned: 100 1 8.0 < 8 Value Label 100 1 8.0 < 8 Value 100
17. Click on OK	Binning specifications will dealers.

The binned variable will be added at the end of your variables list. You can now for example generate a frequency table of the binned variable.